Information about the subject

Degree: Bachelor of Science Degree in Veterinary Medicine

Faculty: Faculty of Veterinary Medicine and Experimental Sciences

Code: 1261101 **Name:** Animal Anatomy I and Embryology

Credits: 6,00 **ECTS Year:** 1 **Semester:** 1

Module: Module of Common Basic Training

Subject Matter: Animal Anatomy **Type:** Basic Formation

Field of knowledge: Health Sciences

Department: Animal Production and Public Health

Type of learning: Classroom-based learning

Languages in which it is taught: Spanish

Lecturer/-s:

1261A	Clara Llamazares Martin **(Responsible Lecturer)**	clara.llamazares@ucv.es
	Alvaro Cervera Saiz	alvaro.cervera@ucv.es
1261B	Clara Llamazares Martin **(Responsible Lecturer)**	clara.llamazares@ucv.es
	Alvaro Cervera Saiz	alvaro.cervera@ucv.es

Module organization

Module of Common Basic Training

Subject Matter	ECTS	Subject	ECTS	Year/semester
Statistics	6,00	Biometrics and Statistics	6,00	1/1
Biology	6,00	Animal and Plant Biology	6,00	1/1
Biochemistry	6,00	Biochemistry	6,00	1/2
Animal Anatomy	18,00	Animal Anatomy I and Embryology	6,00	1/1
		Animal Anatomy II	6,00	1/2
		Animal Cytology and Histology	6,00	1/2
Animal Physiology	12,00	Animal Physiology I	6,00	2/1
		Animal Physiology II and Immunology	6,00	2/2
Genetics	6,00	Genetics	6,00	1/2
Animal Domestication	6,00	Animal Domestication (Ethnology, Ethology and Animal Welfare)	6,00	1/2
Biological Agents of Interest in Veterinary Medicine	12,00	Veterinary Microbiology	6,00	2/2
		Veterinary Parasitology	6,00	2/1
Veterinary Medicine and Society	6,00	Veterinary Regulations and Legislation, Social Morality and Professional Deontology	6,00	5/1

Physics and Chemistry	6,00	Physico-chemical fundamentals of veterinary medicine	6,00	1/1

Recommended knowledge

Basic knowledge of animal biology

Learning outcomes

At the end of the course, the student must be able to prove that he/she has acquired the following learning outcomes:

R1   The student knows the ontogeny of domestic animals.

R2   The student knows the structure and function of healthy animals.

R3   The student knows and applies dissection techniques.

R4   The student knows and uses anatomical nomenclature correctly.

R5   The student searches bibliographic information from different sources and knows how to analyse it with a critical and constructive spirit.

R6   The student is able to produce documents about anatomy and work as a team.

R7   The student identifies and applies topography to the main bone accidents, joints, tendons and muscle groups according to their functionality and innervation.

R8   The student localises the lymph nodes and the main arteries and veins of clinical interest.

R9   The student identifies the different bones and distinguishes them by species.

Competencies

Depending on the learning outcomes, the competencies to which the subject contributes are (please score from 1 to 4, being 4 the highest score):

BASIC		Weighting			
		1	2	3	4
CB1	Students must show that they have and understand knowledge in a field of study that is based on general secondary education on a level that, although supported by advanced text books, includes also some aspects that involve knowledge belonging to the vanguard of their field of study.				x

SPECIFIC		Weighting			
		1	2	3	4
E4	Understanding and applying principles and bases of the eukaryotic cell structure and organization in tissues and organs.			x	
E5	Understanding and applying principles and bases of morphology, topography and structure of organs and systems.				x
E6	Understanding and applying principles and bases of ontogenetic development, congenital anomalies and embryology applications.				x

TRANSVERSAL		Weighting			
		1	2	3	4
T1	Capacity of analysis, synthesis, implementation of knowledge for problem-solving and decision-making.			x	
T4	Mastering fluency in oral and written mother tongue communication, listening and responding effectively using a language appropriate to audience and context.				x
T6	Using information technology to communicate, share, search for, collect, analyze and manage information, especially related to the veterinarian practice.			x	

T8	Efficient and effective work, both independently and as a member of a multidisciplinary team or unit, showing respect, appreciation and sensitivity to the work of others.	**x**
T10	Ability to learn, to research, and to be aware of the need to keep knowledge updated, and attending training programs.	**x**

Assessment system for the acquisition of competencies and grading system

Assessed learning outcomes	Granted percentage	Assessment method
	40,00%	Written assessment of acquired knowledge and skills. The test may consist of a series of open-ended questions or multiple-choice questions about the theoretical contents of the module and/or practical exercises (problem-solving).
	40,00%	Evaluation of the practical laboratory work, which must demonstrate the competences acquired by the student and his or her ability to use them to solve the different situations and problems that arise in a laboratory; this assessment may consist of one of the following methods, or a combination of several of them: an individual written test, the individual or group performance of a laboratory experience, the delivery of an individual or group report on the work carried out in the laboratory.
	10,00%	Evaluation of group work through a system of continuous assessment throughout the course based on the delivery of assignments the objectives and content of which will be proposed by the teacher.
	10,00%	Evaluation of activities in which the student must do some research individually and structure information related to each of the topics through a system of continuous assessment throughout the course based on the delivery of papers, the objectives and contents of which will be proposed by the teacher.

Observations

IMPORTANT: to pass the subject it is essential to obtain a grade equal to or greater than 5.0 in the written Evaluation of the knowledge and skills obtained, and a grade equal to or greater than 6.0 in the Evaluation of practical work in the laboratory or room dissection.
Attendance at practices is mandatory, so that the unexcused absence of all the practices of the subject will imply a 50% discount of the practice score.

MENTION OF DISTINCTION:

According to Article 22 of the Regulations governing the Evaluation and Qualification of UCV Courses, the mention of "Distinction of Honor" may be awarded by the professor responsible for the course to students who have obtained, at least, the qualification of 9 over 10 ("Sobresaliente"). The number of "Distinction of Honor" mentions that may be awarded may not exceed five percent of the number of students included in the same official record, unless this number is lower than 20, in which case only one "Distinction of Honor" may be awarded.

Learning activities

The following methodologies will be used so that the students can achieve the learning outcomes of the subject:

M1   On-site training activity aimed primarily at acquiring knowledge acquisition skills. It is characterised by the fact that students are spoken to. Also called master class or exposition, it refers to the oral presentation made by the teacher, (with the support of blackboard, a computer and a projector for the display of texts, graphs, etc.), in front of a group of students. They are expository, explanatory or demonstrative sessions of contents. The size of the group is determined by the limit or physical capacity of the classroom; therefore, it is a single group.

M2   On-site training activity aimed primarily at obtaining knowledge application and research skills. Knowledge is built through interaction and activities. The activity consists of supervised monographic sessions with shared participation (teachers, students, experts). The size of the group is variable, from one large group to various small groups, with a minimum of 6 students to ensure interaction. The evaluation will be based on follow-up records kept by the teacher. Participation and the development of the capacity to problematize should be taken into account.

M4   On-site training activity in groups that takes place in the classroom. It includes working with documents and formulating ideas without handling animals, organs, objects, products, or corpses (e.g., work with articles or documents, clinical case studies, diagnostic analyses, etc.). It would correspond to "Animal-free supervised practical work", type e1, from the European evaluation of EAEVE. The size of the group is variable, in a range of 10 to 20 students.

M5   On-site training activity in groups that takes place in the Computer Lab where the computer is used as support for learning. It includes work with computer models, specific software, Web queries, etc. It would correspond to "Animal-free supervised practical work", type e1, from the European evaluation of EAEVE. The size of the group is variable, in a range of 10 to 20 students.

M6   On-site training activity in groups carried out in the laboratory. It includes the sessions where the students develop laboratory experiments, make dissections or use the microscopes for the study of histological or histopathological samples actively and autonomously, under the supervision of the professor. It also includes work with healthy animals, objects, products, corpses (e.g., animal handling, bacteriological practices, physiology or biochemistry, meat inspection, etc.). It would correspond to the "Supervised practical non-clinical animal work" type e2 of the European evaluation of EAEVE. The size of the group is variable, in a range of 10 to 20 students.

M8   A set of on-site training activities carried out by the teacher to provide personalised attention to the student or in small groups with the aim of reviewing and discussing the materials and topics presented in classes, seminars, readings, carrying out projects, etc. The aim is to ensure a truly comprehensive education of the student rather than a mere transfer of information. It is, therefore, a personalized assistance relationship in which the tutor assists, facilitates and guides one or more students in the learning process.

M9   Set of processes that attempt to evaluate the learning outcomes of students expressed in terms of acquired knowledge, capacities, skills or abilities developed and manifested attitudes. It covers a wide range of activities that can be developed for students to demonstrate their training (e.g. written, oral and practical tests, projects or assignments). It also includes the Official Calls.

M10   Autonomous training activity, including activities and coursework, bibliographic searches. The results obtained from unsupervised group and teamwork will be evaluated, with particular attention paid at the time of evaluation to the acquisition of specific knowledge development skills through group work.

M11   Autonomous training activities related to personal study, or the preparation of individual course assignments. The individual preparation of readings, essays, problem solving, papers, reports, etc. will be evaluated through presentations or submissions during theoretical classes, practical classes, seminars and/or tutorials. The evaluation of the submitted papers will consider the structure of the paper, the quality of the documentation, originality, spelling and presentation.

IN-CLASS LEARNING ACTIVITIES

	LEARNING OUTCOMES	HOURS	ECTS
Theoretical lessons (TL) M1	R1, R2, R4, R5, R6, R8, R9	40,00	1,60
Laboratory Practice (LP) M6	R1, R2, R3, R4, R7, R8, R9	17,00	0,68
Tutorial M2, M8	R1, R2, R4, R5, R6, R8, R9	1,00	0,04
Evaluation (Ev) M9	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9	2,00	0,08
TOTAL		**60,00**	**2,40**

LEARNING ACTIVITIES OF AUTONOMOUS WORK

	LEARNING OUTCOMES	HOURS	ECTS
Group work M10	R1, R2, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8	20,00	0,80
Individual work M11	R1, R2, R4, R5, R8, R9	70,00	2,80
TOTAL		**90,00**	**3,60**

Description of the contents

Description of the necessary contents to acquire the learning outcomes.

Theoretical contents:

Content block	Contents
Unit 1	Introduction to veterinary anatomy. Basic nomenclature
Unit 2	Embryology. Generalities of ontogenic development. Gametogenesis. Fertilization. Embryonic period.
Unit 3	Placentation. Embryonic implantation. Placentas. Fetal circulation. Fetal period.
Unit 4	Skin and cutaneous derivates: development. Cutaneous glands. Cutaneous muscles. Corneal features.
Unit 5	Locomotor apparatus. Generalities. Osteology. Arthrology. Miology. Auxiliary structures.
Unit 6	Axial region. Head, vertebral column and abdomen. Osteology. Musculature. Vascularization.
Unit 7	Thoracic limb. Development, Osteology. Arthrology. Miology Vascularization and innervation.
Unit 8	Pelvic limb. Development, Osteology. Arthrology. Miology Vascularization and innervation.
Unit 9	Osteology of birds and fishes. Anatomy of the mussel.

Organization of the practical activities:

	Content	Place	Hours
PR1.	Cervical, thoracic and lumbar vertebrae	Hospital	2,00
PR2.	Sacral and coccigeal vertebrae. Ribs, sternum and scapula	Hospital	2,00
PR3.	Humerus, radius, ulna and carpus	Hospital	2,00
PR4.	Coxis, femur, tibia and fibula	Hospital	2,00
PR5.	Tarsus, metacarpus, metatarsus and phalanges	Hospital	2,00
PR6.	Neck and back dissection	Hospital	2,00
PR7.	Thoracic limb dissection	Hospital	2,00
PR8.	Pelvic limb dissection	Hospital	2,00

Temporary organization of learning:

Block of content	Number of sessions	Hours
Unit 1	2,00	4,00
Unit 2	3,00	6,00
Unit 3	3,00	6,00
Unit 4	1,00	2,00
Unit 5	1,00	2,00
Unit 6	6,00	12,00
Unit 7	6,00	12,00
Unit 8	6,00	12,00
Unit 9	2,00	4,00

References

Ashdown, R. R. y S. S. Done. Colour Atlas of Veterinary Anatomy. Vol. I: The Ruminants. Edimburg. Ed. Elsevier-Mosby. 2010

Ashdown, R. R. y S. S. Done. Colour Atlas of Veterinary Anatomy. Vol. II: The Horse.Edimburg. Ed. Elsevier-Mosby. 2011

Budras,K., McCarthy, P., Ritcher, R., Fricke, W. Atlas de Anatomía del perro. Ed. S. 2005

Budras, K., Shack, W.O., Röck, S. Atlas de Anatomía del caballo. Barcelona. Ed. Servicio Universidad. 2005

Clayton, H. M., P. F. Flood, D. S. Rosenstein. Anatomía Clínica del Caballo. Ed. Elsevier. 2007

Climent, S. Embriología y Anatomía Veterinaria, Vol. 1 y 2. Zaragoza. Ed. Acribia. 2013

Done, S. H., P. C. Goody, S. A. Evans et al. Atlas en Color de Anatomía Veterinaria. El Perro y el Gato. Ed. Elsevier-Mosby. 2010

Dyce, K. M., Sack W.O, Wensing C.J.G. Anatomía Veterinaria. 4ª ed. México: Ed. El Manual Moderno. 2012

Evans, H. E., DeLahunta, A. Miller, disección del perro. Ed. McGraw-Hill. 2002

Gil J, Gimeno M, Laborda J, et al. Anatomía del Perro: Protocolos de Disección. 3ª ed. Barcelona: Ed. Masson; 2012

König, H. E., Liebich, H.G. Anatomía de los Animales Domésticos. 2ª ed. Tomos I y II. Ed. Médica Panamericana. 2011

McGeady, T.A., Quinn, P.J., Fitzpatrick, E.S., Ryan, M.T. Veterinary embriology. Oxford. Ed. Blackwell publishing, Ltd. 2006

Popesko, P. Atlas de Anatomía Topográfica de los Animales Domésticos. 2ª ed. Tomos 1, 2 y 3. Ed. Masson. 1998

Sisson, S. Getty, R; Grosman, J.D. Anatomía de los animales domésticos. 5ª ed. Barcelona: Ed. Elsevier-Masson. 2005

Addendum to the Course Guide of the Subject

Due to the exceptional situation caused by the health crisis of the COVID-19 and taking into account the security measures related to the development of the educational activity in the Higher Education Institution teaching area, the following changes have been made in the guide of the subject to ensure that Students achieve their learning outcomes of the Subject.

Situation 1: Teaching without limited capacity (when the number of enrolled students is lower than the allowed capacity in classroom, according to the security measures taken).

In this case, no changes are made in the guide of the subject.

Situation 2: Teaching with limited capacity (when the number of enrolled students is higher than the allowed capacity in classroom, according to the security measures taken).

In this case, the following changes are made:

1. Educational Activities of Onsite Work:

All the foreseen activities to be developed in the classroom as indicated in this field of the guide of the subject will be made through a simultaneous teaching method combining onsite teaching in the classroom and synchronous online teaching. Students will be able to attend classes onsite or to attend them online through the telematic tools provided by the university (videoconferences). In any case, students who attend classes onsite and who attend them by videoconference will rotate periodically.

In the particular case of this subject, these videoconferences will be made through:

| X | Microsoft Teams |

| X | Kaltura |

Situation 3: Confinement due to a new State of Alarm.

In this case, the following changes are made:

1. Educational Activities of Onsite Work:

All the foreseen activities to be developed in the classroom as indicated in this field of the guide of the subject, as well as the group and personalized tutoring, will be done with the telematic tools provided by the University, through:

X	Microsoft Teams
X	Kaltura

Explanation about the practical sessions:

In the event of Scenario 3: Confinement due to a new state of alarm, the practical classes will be taught through video tutorials prepared by the teachers, intensifying the virtual tutorials to consolidate knowledge.

2. System for Assessing the Acquisition of the competences and Assessment System

ONSITE WORK

Regarding the Assessment Tools:

☐	The Assessment Tools will not be modified. If onsite assessment is not possible, it will be done online through the UCVnet Campus.

X	The following changes will be made to adapt the subject's assessment to the online teaching.

Course guide		Adaptation	
Assessment tool	Allocated percentage	Description of the suggested changes	Platform to be used
Assessment of practical work	40%	In case of no attendance, it will be valued with 20% of the grade	Plataforma UCVNet
Written evaluation of the knowledge and skills obtained	40	In case of no attendance, it will be valued with 60% of the grade	Plataforma UCVNet

The other Assessment Tools will not be modified with regards to what is indicated in the Course Guide.

Comments to the Assessment System:

In case of non-attendance both the theoretical exam and the practical exam will be carried out via the UCVNet Platform, modifying the percentage assigned to the theoretical part, which would go from 40% to 60%, and of the practical part, which would represent 20% of the note, instead of 40% currently assigned.